

City of St. Charles

Downtown Business Economic Incentive Program

1. Program Purpose

The purpose of the St. Charles Downtown Business Economic Incentive Program is to encourage the rehabilitation and investment of properties located in downtown St. Charles. This program will meet this purpose by providing the following benefits:

1. The enhancement of the overall economic vitality and character of downtown St. Charles by attracting tenants to fill vacant commercial spaces.
2. Assist the expansion and/or relocation of existing businesses within downtown St. Charles.
3. Promoting the continued success of downtown St. Charles through the improvement and repair of historic and older buildings that require maintenance and building/fire code updates.
4. The protection of the general welfare by enhancing property and vitality of downtown St. Charles.

2. Program Guidelines:

All Downtown Business Economic Incentive Program awards will match applicant expenditures on a 50/50 basis for eligible improvements. There shall be a funding amount of \$10,000 available for individual businesses. Multiple businesses located in multi-tenant buildings shall all be eligible for individual awards. All businesses must meet the following criteria:

- The property must be located in the Downtown Area (See Attached Map for program limits).
- The business must be considered one of the following uses as defined in Section 17.030.020 of Title 17 the Zoning Ordinance:
 - Art Studio
 - Cultural Facility
 - Indoor Recreation & Amusement
 - Live Entertainment
 - Hotel/Motel
 - Outdoor Sales, Permanent
 - Personal Services
 - Coffee Shop or Tea Room
 - Restaurant
 - Retail Sales
 - Tavern/Bar
 - Theater
- The leasable space must be located on the first floor/street level of the eligible building.
- Primary point of sale for merchandise/services in the store must be the location of the physical business.
- Businesses are eligible for an additional \$15,000 provided the property/business meets one of the following criteria: (Total grant amount for any business shall not exceed \$25,000)
 - The additional awards are used to update building code or fire code deficiencies required by change of use such as but not limited to: ADA accessibility improvements, fire sprinkler installation, fire alarms installation, repair, or updates, accessibility ramps/elevators.

- The building or leasable space has been vacant for more than 6 months.
- The proposed business is located in the Downtown Retail Overlay District.
- Large retail spaces that need to be demised to make leasing the space more feasible.
- Extraordinary costs based on a unique physical condition or alterations of the building can be considered on a case by case basis.

4. **Approval of a Downtown Business Economic Incentive Program Award Procedure:**

The Community & Economic Development Department shall accept and process all applications for Downtown Business Economic Incentive Program awards.

- All applicants must request a “Chapter 34” review by the Building & Code Enforcement Division and Fire Department to determine any necessary code upgrades required due to change in use or life safety issues.
- Awards of **\$10,000** or less are approved administratively by Director of Community & Economic Development Department or designee.
- Awards in **excess of \$10,000 up to \$25,000** are required to receive City Council approval.

5. **Eligible Improvements**

The following improvements shall be considered eligible to receive the Downtown Business Economic Incentive Award:

- Accessibility improvements for handicapped persons.
- Creation of new exterior doors for access into new leasable commercial spaces.
- Demising walls for the purposes of creating individual leasable commercial spaces.
- Energy conservation improvements.
- Electrical work, including service upgrades.
- Fire alarm systems.
- Fire sprinkler system installation or upgrade, including any needed water service improvements.
- Heating, ventilation and air conditioning.
- Lighting.
- Plumbing.
- Restoration of historic interior architectural features, including ceilings, light fixtures, floors and architectural detailing.
- Utility service upgrades, including water and sewer.
- Improvements not specifically listed as eligible or ineligible are subject to review on a case by case basis.
- Façade improvements (*only if the Façade Improvement Program has committed all budgeted funding for the current fiscal year*).

6. **Ineligible Improvements**

The following items are **NOT** eligible for awards under the Downtown Business Economic Incentive Award Program:

- Acquisition of land or buildings.
- Product inventory.

- Interior signage.
- Lighting fixtures.
- Hard surface materials for non-retail exterior space (parking lots, sidewalks, etc.).
- Display window enhancements (hanging grid system, lighting, display shelf, etc.).
- Media marketing and advertising.
- Ongoing business expenses such as rent, payroll, consulting work, moving expenses, etc.
- Day-to-day operational costs (e.g. utilities, taxes, maintenance, refuse).
- Exterminator services.
- Landscaping (see the City of St. Charles' Corridor Improvement Grant Program).
- Paint, tile, or other design elements.
- Furniture, cabinetry, carpets, office equipment, or similar interior finishes.
- Building permit fees and related costs.
- Sweat equity.
- Signs.

7. Commencement of Work:

Only after the Downtown Business Economic Incentive Program Agreement is approved by the City, can work commence. **DO NOT START BEFORE -- YOU WILL NOT BE REIMBURSED FOR WORK DONE PRIOR TO CITY APPROVAL OF THE DOWNTOWN ECONOMIC INCENTIVE PROGRAM AGREEMENT.**

8. Completion of Work:

All improvements must be completed within 270 calendar days of Downtown Business Economic Incentive Program Agreement approval, unless otherwise authorized by City staff for a maximum of a one (270) day extension. If the work is not complete by the end of the extension the City's remaining obligation to reimburse the owner or tenant for the project terminates.

9. Reimbursement Payments:

Upon completion of the work, the owner or tenant must submit copies of all design invoices, contractor's statements, other invoices, proof of payment and notarized final lien waivers to the Director of Community & Economic Development, as evidence that the owner or tenant has paid the architect and contractor(s). You should use the attached forms for the contractor's statement and final lien waivers. Payment will be authorized upon completion of all work items as originally approved and receipt of all of the required documents.

The Applicant will only be reimbursed for the amount of the award once all approved work has been completed and a Certificate of Occupancy is issued by the Building & Code Enforcement Division.

The Director of Community & Economic Development may authorize reimbursement to be made in two payments, if all of the following conditions are present: 1) The first partial payment may be made upon completion of work representing at least forty percent (40%) of the amount specified in the Downtown Business Economic Incentive Program Agreement; 2) The architect's invoices, contractor's statements, invoices, notarized final lien waivers and proof of payment for the completed work have been submitted; 3) The remaining work is expected to be delayed for thirty

days or more following completion of the initial work due to weather, availability of materials, or other circumstances beyond the control of the owner or tenant.

In the case that the award covers multiple leasable spaces in one building, partial award funding can be disbursed as each individual leasable space is issued a Certificate of Occupancy. The amount of the partial disbursement shall be based on the proportion of square footage.

All Improvements shall be installed in accordance with the approved plan. Minor revisions as may be approved by a representative of the City Staff due to field conditions not known at the time of design, and similar circumstances beyond the Applicant's control. **THIS IS A REIMBURSEMENT PROGRAM -- YOU MUST PAY YOUR ARCHITECT, CONTRACTORS AND SUPPLIERS BEFORE YOU RECEIVE PAYMENT FROM THE CITY.**

Reimbursement awards are subject to Federal and State taxes, and are reported to the Internal Revenue Service on Form 1099. You are required to provide your taxpayer ID number or social security number as part of the Downtown Business Economic Incentive Program Agreement. Property owners and tenants should consult their tax advisor for tax liability information.

10. Maintenance Period:

The property owner and tenant shall be responsible for maintaining the improvements without alteration for five (5) years. A restrictive covenant limiting alterations may be required by the City Council at the time of approval of the Downtown Business Economic Incentive Program Agreement. A waiver from this requirement may be awarded by the City Council following a recommendation the by Director of Community & Economic Development, upon submittal of evidence of hardship or unusual circumstances.

CITY OF ST. CHARLES DOWNTOWN ECONOMIC BUSINESS INCENTIVE PROGRAM

Instructions and Forms for the Downtown Economic Business Incentive Program

This packet contains information and documents needed to apply for an award from the City of St. Charles Downtown Economic Business Incentive Program. Please read all documentation and forms carefully. Should you have any questions, please call the Economic Development Division at (630) 443-4093.

STEP BY STEP PROCESS

Apply for a Downtown Economic Business Incentive Award:

1. Review the Program Description (Attachment A) to determine if the improvements you are considering are eligible for a reimbursement award.
2. You will need to work with a design professional to prepare a construction plan showing the design of your improvements. The plans will be reviewed by the Community & Economic Development Department and Fire Department staff to ensure compliance with the requirements of the program and all applicable codes.
3. Call the Building & Code Enforcement Division at (630) 377-4406 to schedule a Chapter 34 Review.
4. Submit this application with any required building permit applications and your plans **with a \$25 application fee** to the Building & Code Enforcement Division, City of St. Charles, 2. East Main Street, St. Charles, IL 60174.

Downtown Award Agreement:

5. Staff will draft the Downtown Business Economic Incentive Award Agreement. The applicant must review and sign this agreement prior to final action by staff or the City Council.
6. If the requested award amount is in excess of \$10,000, the draft Agreement will be presented at a Planning & Development Committee meeting. We will notify you when your application will be reviewed by the Planning and Development Committee. You and/or your design professional should plan to attend this meeting.
7. The City Council will take final action on the Agreement. Normally, it is not necessary to attend this meeting.

Installation/Construction:

8. Construct the improvements per approved plans and call the Building & Code Enforcement Division to schedule required inspections.
9. Obtain a final JULIE location before commencing work.
10. Award recipients will hire their own contractors and pay for the work. Adequate soil preparation is required if the project involves any site work or grading.

11. Finish construction / installation.
12. When all work is completed, call the Building & Code Enforcement Division at (630) 377-4406 to schedule final inspection of any part of the project for which a permit was required.

Reimbursement:

13. Request reimbursement by submitting the following attached forms: Final Waiver of Lien, Contractor's Affidavit, Contractor's Sworn Statements to Owner (forms attached), IRS Form W-9, before and after photos, and proof of payment to contractors to the Economic Development Division.
14. Receive reimbursement check from City Finance Department.

Ongoing:

15. The Downtown Economic Business Incentive Agreement requires you to maintain the improvements for a five-year period.

DOWNTOWN ECONOMIC BUSINESS INCENTIVE PROGRAM
AWARD APPLICATION FORM

1. Applicant Information:

Name: _____

Home Address: _____

Phone/email: _____

Name of Business: _____

Business Address: _____

Federal Tax ID Number: _____

(All awards are subject to Federal and State taxes, and are reported to the Internal Revenue Service on Form 1099 (W-9). You are required to provide your taxpayer ID number or social security number as part of the Downtown Economic Business Incentive Award Agreement. Property owners and tenants should consult their tax advisor for tax liability information.)

2. Property Information:

Address: _____

Property Identification Number: _____

3. Architect/Design Professional:

Name: _____

Address: _____

Phone/email: _____

4. Contractor(s):

Name: _____

Address: _____

Phone/email: _____

5. Scope of Project (Include the following with your submittal):

- A. Building Plans accurately drawn to scale, showing proposed improvements.
- B. Cost estimates for materials and labor. (There should be two cost estimates submitted, one for the estimated costs of all improvements to the building and one that highlights only the costs for eligible improvements).

4. Statement of Understanding:

- A. I agree to comply with the guidelines and procedures of the St. Charles Downtown Economic Business Incentive Program.
- C. I understand that I must submit detailed cost documentation, copies of bids, contracts, invoices, receipts and contractors' final waivers of lien upon completion of the approved improvements before any reimbursement payment will be authorized. "Before" and "After" pictures of the project must be submitted before funds will be released.
- D. I understand that work done before a Downtown Incentive Award Agreement is approved by staff or the City Council is not eligible for an award.
- E. I understand that Downtown Economic Business Incentive reimbursement awards are subject to taxation and that the City is required to report the amount and the recipient of said awards to the Internal Revenue Service.

Signature of Applicant: _____

If the applicant is someone other than the owner of the property, the owner(s) must complete the following certificate:

I/We certify that I/we own the property identified on this application and that I/we hereby authorize the applicant to apply for a reimbursement award under the City of St. Charles Downtown Economic Business Incentive Program and undertake the approved improvements.

Signature of Owner(s): _____ Date: _____

FINAL WAIVER OF LIEN

STATE OF ILLINOIS)
)SS
COUNTY OF)
TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN:

WHEREAS the undersigned has been employed by _____
to furnish _____
for the premises known as _____
of which _____ is the owner.

The undersigned, for and in consideration of _____

(\$ _____) Dollars, and other good and valuable consideration, the receipt whereof is hereby acknowledged, do(es) hereby waive and release any and all lien or claim of, or right to, lien, under the statutes of the State of Illinois, relating to mechanics' liens, with respect to and on said above-described premises, and the improvements thereon, and on the material, fixtures, apparatus or machinery furnished, and on the moneys, funds or other considerations due or to become due from the owner, on account of all labor services, material, fixtures, apparatus or machinery heretofore furnished, or which may be furnished at any time hereafter, by the undersigned for the above-describe premises.

Given under _____ hand _____ and seal _____

this _____ day of _____, 20____

Signature and Seal: _____

NOTE: All waivers must be for the full amount paid. If waiver is for a corporation, corporate name should be used, corporate seal affixed and title of officer signing waiver should be set forth; if waiver is for a partnership, the partnership name should be used, partner should sign and designate himself as partner.

CONTRACTOR'S AFFIDAVIT

STATE OF ILLINOIS)
)SS
 COUNTY OF)

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN:

THE undersigned, being duly sworn, deposes and says that he is _____
 _____ of the _____
 who is the contractor for the _____ work on the property
 located at _____
 owned by _____.

That the total amount of the contract including extras is \$ _____ on which he or she has received payment of
 \$ _____ prior to this payment. That all waivers are true, correct and genuine and delivered unconditionally and that
 there is no claim either legal or equitable to defect the validity of said waivers. That the following are the names of all parties who have
 furnished material or labor, or both, for said work and all parties having contracts or sub contracts for specific portions of said work or for
 material entering into the construction thereof and the amount due or to become due to each, and that the items mentioned include all labor
 and material required to complete said work according to plans and specifications:

NAMES	WHAT FOR	CONTRACT PRICE	AMOUNT PAID	THIS PAYMENT	BALANCE DUE
TOTAL LABOR AND MATERIAL TO COMPLETE					

That there are no other contracts for said work outstanding, and that there is nothing due or to become due to nay person for material, labor or
 other work of any kind done or to be done upon or in connection with said work other than above stated.

Signature: _____ Date: _____

Subscribed and sworn to before me this _____ day of _____, 200_____.

 NOTARY PUBLIC

SWORN STATEMENT FOR CONTRACTOR AND SUBCONTRACTOR TO OWNER

STATE OF ILLINOIS)
) SS
 COUNTY OF)

The affiant, _____ (name) being first sworn on oath, deposes that he is
 _____ (position) of _____ (name of firm)
 being the contractor for _____ (owner of premises)
 to furnish labor and materials for work on the property located at _____ (address of
 premises) and performed _____

_____, (describe improvements)

on said property. Affiant further deposes that the following persons have been contracted with, and have furnished, or are furnishing and preparing materials for, and have or are doing labor on said improvements; that there is due and to become due them respectively, the amount set opposite their name for materials or labor as described; and that this statement is a full, true and complete statement of all such persons, the amounts paid and the amounts due or to become due to each.

Name/Address	Kind of Work	Amount of Contract	Retention (Incl. Current)	Net Previously Paid	Net Amount This Payment	Balance to Complete

Amount of Original Contract \$ _____ Work Completed to Date \$ _____
 Extras to Contract \$ _____ Less _____ % Retained \$ _____
 Total Contract & Extras \$ _____ Net Amount Earned \$ _____
 Credits to Contract \$ _____ Net Previously Paid \$ _____
 Balance to Become Due \$ _____ (including Retention)

I agree to furnish Waivers of Lien for all materials under my contract when demanded.

Signed _____ Position _____

Subscribed and sworn to before me this _____ day of _____, _____

_____ Notary Public

The above sworn statement should be obtained by the owner before each and every payment.

Request for Taxpayer Identification Number and Certification

**Give form to the
requester. Do not
send to the IRS.**

Print or type
See Specific Instructions on page 2.

Name (as shown on your income tax return)	
Business name, if different from above	
Check appropriate box: <input type="checkbox"/> Individual/Sole proprietor <input type="checkbox"/> Corporation <input type="checkbox"/> Partnership <input type="checkbox"/> Limited liability company. Enter the tax classification (D=disregarded entity, C=corporation, P=partnership) ▶ <input type="checkbox"/> Other (see instructions) ▶	
<input type="checkbox"/> Exempt payee	
Address (number, street, and apt. or suite no.)	Requester's name and address (optional)
City, state, and ZIP code	
List account number(s) here (optional)	

Part I Taxpayer Identification Number (TIN)

Enter your TIN in the appropriate box. The TIN provided must match the name given on Line 1 to avoid backup withholding. For individuals, this is your social security number (SSN). However, for a resident alien, sole proprietor, or disregarded entity, see the Part I instructions on page 3. For other entities, it is your employer identification number (EIN). If you do not have a number, see *How to get a TIN* on page 3.

Note. If the account is in more than one name, see the chart on page 4 for guidelines on whose number to enter.

Social security number
or
Employer identification number

Part II Certification

Under penalties of perjury, I certify that:

1. The number shown on this form is my correct taxpayer identification number (or I am waiting for a number to be issued to me), and
2. I am not subject to backup withholding because: (a) I am exempt from backup withholding, or (b) I have not been notified by the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) that I am subject to backup withholding as a result of a failure to report all interest or dividends, or (c) the IRS has notified me that I am no longer subject to backup withholding, and
3. I am a U.S. citizen or other U.S. person (defined below).

Certification instructions. You must cross out item 2 above if you have been notified by the IRS that you are currently subject to backup withholding because you have failed to report all interest and dividends on your tax return. For real estate transactions, item 2 does not apply. For mortgage interest paid, acquisition or abandonment of secured property, cancellation of debt, contributions to an individual retirement arrangement (IRA), and generally, payments other than interest and dividends, you are not required to sign the Certification, but you must provide your correct TIN. See the instructions on page 4.

Sign Here

Signature of
U.S. person ▶

Date ▶

General Instructions

Section references are to the Internal Revenue Code unless otherwise noted.

Purpose of Form

A person who is required to file an information return with the IRS must obtain your correct taxpayer identification number (TIN) to report, for example, income paid to you, real estate transactions, mortgage interest you paid, acquisition or abandonment of secured property, cancellation of debt, or contributions you made to an IRA.

Use Form W-9 only if you are a U.S. person (including a resident alien), to provide your correct TIN to the person requesting it (the requester) and, when applicable, to:

1. Certify that the TIN you are giving is correct (or you are waiting for a number to be issued),
2. Certify that you are not subject to backup withholding, or
3. Claim exemption from backup withholding if you are a U.S. exempt payee. If applicable, you are also certifying that as a U.S. person, your allocable share of any partnership income from a U.S. trade or business is not subject to the withholding tax on foreign partners' share of effectively connected income.

Note. If a requester gives you a form other than Form W-9 to request your TIN, you must use the requester's form if it is substantially similar to this Form W-9.

Definition of a U.S. person. For federal tax purposes, you are considered a U.S. person if you are:

- An individual who is a U.S. citizen or U.S. resident alien,
- A partnership, corporation, company, or association created or organized in the United States or under the laws of the United States,
- An estate (other than a foreign estate), or
- A domestic trust (as defined in Regulations section 301.7701-7).

Special rules for partnerships. Partnerships that conduct a trade or business in the United States are generally required to pay a withholding tax on any foreign partners' share of income from such business. Further, in certain cases where a Form W-9 has not been received, a partnership is required to presume that a partner is a foreign person, and pay the withholding tax. Therefore, if you are a U.S. person that is a partner in a partnership conducting a trade or business in the United States, provide Form W-9 to the partnership to establish your U.S. status and avoid withholding on your share of partnership income.

The person who gives Form W-9 to the partnership for purposes of establishing its U.S. status and avoiding withholding on its allocable share of net income from the partnership conducting a trade or business in the United States is in the following cases:

- The U.S. owner of a disregarded entity and not the entity,

- The U.S. grantor or other owner of a grantor trust and not the trust, and
- The U.S. trust (other than a grantor trust) and not the beneficiaries of the trust.

Foreign person. If you are a foreign person, do not use Form W-9. Instead, use the appropriate Form W-8 (see Publication 515, Withholding of Tax on Nonresident Aliens and Foreign Entities).

Nonresident alien who becomes a resident alien. Generally, only a nonresident alien individual may use the terms of a tax treaty to reduce or eliminate U.S. tax on certain types of income. However, most tax treaties contain a provision known as a "saving clause." Exceptions specified in the saving clause may permit an exemption from tax to continue for certain types of income even after the payee has otherwise become a U.S. resident alien for tax purposes.

If you are a U.S. resident alien who is relying on an exception contained in the saving clause of a tax treaty to claim an exemption from U.S. tax on certain types of income, you must attach a statement to Form W-9 that specifies the following five items:

1. The treaty country. Generally, this must be the same treaty under which you claimed exemption from tax as a nonresident alien.
2. The treaty article addressing the income.
3. The article number (or location) in the tax treaty that contains the saving clause and its exceptions.
4. The type and amount of income that qualifies for the exemption from tax.
5. Sufficient facts to justify the exemption from tax under the terms of the treaty article.

Example. Article 20 of the U.S.-China income tax treaty allows an exemption from tax for scholarship income received by a Chinese student temporarily present in the United States. Under U.S. law, this student will become a resident alien for tax purposes if his or her stay in the United States exceeds 5 calendar years. However, paragraph 2 of the first Protocol to the U.S.-China treaty (dated April 30, 1984) allows the provisions of Article 20 to continue to apply even after the Chinese student becomes a resident alien of the United States. A Chinese student who qualifies for this exception (under paragraph 2 of the first protocol) and is relying on this exception to claim an exemption from tax on his or her scholarship or fellowship income would attach to Form W-9 a statement that includes the information described above to support that exemption.

If you are a nonresident alien or a foreign entity not subject to backup withholding, give the requester the appropriate completed Form W-8.

What is backup withholding? Persons making certain payments to you must under certain conditions withhold and pay to the IRS 28% of such payments. This is called "backup withholding." Payments that may be subject to backup withholding include interest, tax-exempt interest, dividends, broker and barter exchange transactions, rents, royalties, nonemployee pay, and certain payments from fishing boat operators. Real estate transactions are not subject to backup withholding.

You will not be subject to backup withholding on payments you receive if you give the requester your correct TIN, make the proper certifications, and report all your taxable interest and dividends on your tax return.

Payments you receive will be subject to backup withholding if:

1. You do not furnish your TIN to the requester,
2. You do not certify your TIN when required (see the Part II instructions on page 3 for details),
3. The IRS tells the requester that you furnished an incorrect TIN,

4. The IRS tells you that you are subject to backup withholding because you did not report all your interest and dividends on your tax return (for reportable interest and dividends only), or

5. You do not certify to the requester that you are not subject to backup withholding under 4 above (for reportable interest and dividend accounts opened after 1983 only).

Certain payees and payments are exempt from backup withholding. See the instructions below and the separate Instructions for the Requester of Form W-9.

Also see *Special rules for partnerships* on page 1.

Penalties

Failure to furnish TIN. If you fail to furnish your correct TIN to a requester, you are subject to a penalty of \$50 for each such failure unless your failure is due to reasonable cause and not to willful neglect.

Civil penalty for false information with respect to withholding. If you make a false statement with no reasonable basis that results in no backup withholding, you are subject to a \$500 penalty.

Criminal penalty for falsifying information. Willfully falsifying certifications or affirmations may subject you to criminal penalties including fines and/or imprisonment.

Misuse of TINs. If the requester discloses or uses TINs in violation of federal law, the requester may be subject to civil and criminal penalties.

Specific Instructions

Name

If you are an individual, you must generally enter the name shown on your income tax return. However, if you have changed your last name, for instance, due to marriage without informing the Social Security Administration of the name change, enter your first name, the last name shown on your social security card, and your new last name.

If the account is in joint names, list first, and then circle, the name of the person or entity whose number you entered in Part I of the form.

Sole proprietor. Enter your individual name as shown on your income tax return on the "Name" line. You may enter your business, trade, or "doing business as (DBA)" name on the "Business name" line.

Limited liability company (LLC). Check the "Limited liability company" box only and enter the appropriate code for the tax classification ("D" for disregarded entity, "C" for corporation, "P" for partnership) in the space provided.

For a single-member LLC (including a foreign LLC with a domestic owner) that is disregarded as an entity separate from its owner under Regulations section 301.7701-3, enter the owner's name on the "Name" line. Enter the LLC's name on the "Business name" line.

For an LLC classified as a partnership or a corporation, enter the LLC's name on the "Name" line and any business, trade, or DBA name on the "Business name" line.

Other entities. Enter your business name as shown on required federal tax documents on the "Name" line. This name should match the name shown on the charter or other legal document creating the entity. You may enter any business, trade, or DBA name on the "Business name" line.

Note. You are requested to check the appropriate box for your status (individual/sole proprietor, corporation, etc.).

Exempt Payee

If you are exempt from backup withholding, enter your name as described above and check the appropriate box for your status, then check the "Exempt payee" box in the line following the business name, sign and date the form.

Generally, individuals (including sole proprietors) are not exempt from backup withholding. Corporations are exempt from backup withholding for certain payments, such as interest and dividends.

Note. If you are exempt from backup withholding, you should still complete this form to avoid possible erroneous backup withholding.

The following payees are exempt from backup withholding:

1. An organization exempt from tax under section 501(a), any IRA, or a custodial account under section 403(b)(7) if the account satisfies the requirements of section 401(f)(2),

2. The United States or any of its agencies or instrumentalities,

3. A state, the District of Columbia, a possession of the United States, or any of their political subdivisions or instrumentalities,

4. A foreign government or any of its political subdivisions, agencies, or instrumentalities, or

5. An international organization or any of its agencies or instrumentalities.

Other payees that may be exempt from backup withholding include:

6. A corporation,

7. A foreign central bank of issue,

8. A dealer in securities or commodities required to register in the United States, the District of Columbia, or a possession of the United States,

9. A futures commission merchant registered with the Commodity Futures Trading Commission,

10. A real estate investment trust,

11. An entity registered at all times during the tax year under the Investment Company Act of 1940,

12. A common trust fund operated by a bank under section 584(a),

13. A financial institution,

14. A middleman known in the investment community as a nominee or custodian, or

15. A trust exempt from tax under section 664 or described in section 4947.

The chart below shows types of payments that may be exempt from backup withholding. The chart applies to the exempt payees listed above, 1 through 15.

IF the payment is for . . .	THEN the payment is exempt for . . .
Interest and dividend payments	All exempt payees except for 9
Broker transactions	Exempt payees 1 through 13. Also, a person registered under the Investment Advisers Act of 1940 who regularly acts as a broker
Barter exchange transactions and patronage dividends	Exempt payees 1 through 5
Payments over \$600 required to be reported and direct sales over \$5,000 ¹	Generally, exempt payees 1 through 7 ²

¹ See Form 1099-MISC, Miscellaneous Income, and its instructions.

² However, the following payments made to a corporation (including gross proceeds paid to an attorney under section 6045(f), even if the attorney is a corporation) and reportable on Form 1099-MISC are not exempt from backup withholding: medical and health care payments, attorneys' fees, and payments for services paid by a federal executive agency.

Part I. Taxpayer Identification Number (TIN)

Enter your TIN in the appropriate box. If you are a resident alien and you do not have and are not eligible to get an SSN, your TIN is your IRS individual taxpayer identification number (ITIN). Enter it in the social security number box. If you do not have an ITIN, see *How to get a TIN* below.

If you are a sole proprietor and you have an EIN, you may enter either your SSN or EIN. However, the IRS prefers that you use your SSN.

If you are a single-member LLC that is disregarded as an entity separate from its owner (see *Limited liability company (LLC)* on page 2), enter the owner's SSN (or EIN, if the owner has one). Do not enter the disregarded entity's EIN. If the LLC is classified as a corporation or partnership, enter the entity's EIN.

Note. See the chart on page 4 for further clarification of name and TIN combinations.

How to get a TIN. If you do not have a TIN, apply for one immediately. To apply for an SSN, get Form SS-5, Application for a Social Security Card, from your local Social Security Administration office or get this form online at www.ssa.gov. You may also get this form by calling 1-800-772-1213. Use Form W-7, Application for IRS Individual Taxpayer Identification Number, to apply for an ITIN, or Form SS-4, Application for Employer Identification Number, to apply for an EIN. You can apply for an EIN online by accessing the IRS website at www.irs.gov/businesses and clicking on Employer Identification Number (EIN) under Starting a Business. You can get Forms W-7 and SS-4 from the IRS by visiting www.irs.gov or by calling 1-800-TAX-FORM (1-800-829-3676).

If you are asked to complete Form W-9 but do not have a TIN, write "Applied For" in the space for the TIN, sign and date the form, and give it to the requester. For interest and dividend payments, and certain payments made with respect to readily tradable instruments, generally you will have 60 days to get a TIN and give it to the requester before you are subject to backup withholding on payments. The 60-day rule does not apply to other types of payments. You will be subject to backup withholding on all such payments until you provide your TIN to the requester.

Note. Entering "Applied For" means that you have already applied for a TIN or that you intend to apply for one soon.

Caution: A disregarded domestic entity that has a foreign owner must use the appropriate Form W-8.

Part II. Certification

To establish to the withholding agent that you are a U.S. person, or resident alien, sign Form W-9. You may be requested to sign by the withholding agent even if items 1, 4, and 5 below indicate otherwise.

For a joint account, only the person whose TIN is shown in Part I should sign (when required). Exempt payees, see *Exempt Payee* on page 2.

Signature requirements. Complete the certification as indicated in 1 through 5 below.

1. Interest, dividend, and barter exchange accounts opened before 1984 and broker accounts considered active during 1983. You must give your correct TIN, but you do not have to sign the certification.

2. Interest, dividend, broker, and barter exchange accounts opened after 1983 and broker accounts considered inactive during 1983. You must sign the certification or backup withholding will apply. If you are subject to backup withholding and you are merely providing your correct TIN to the requester, you must cross out item 2 in the certification before signing the form.

3. Real estate transactions. You must sign the certification. You may cross out item 2 of the certification.

4. Other payments. You must give your correct TIN, but you do not have to sign the certification unless you have been notified that you have previously given an incorrect TIN. "Other payments" include payments made in the course of the requester's trade or business for rents, royalties, goods (other than bills for merchandise), medical and health care services (including payments to corporations), payments to a nonemployee for services, payments to certain fishing boat crew members and fishermen, and gross proceeds paid to attorneys (including payments to corporations).

5. Mortgage interest paid by you, acquisition or abandonment of secured property, cancellation of debt, qualified tuition program payments (under section 529), IRA, Coverdell ESA, Archer MSA or HSA contributions or distributions, and pension distributions. You must give your correct TIN, but you do not have to sign the certification.

What Name and Number To Give the Requester

For this type of account:	Give name and SSN of:
1. Individual	The individual
2. Two or more individuals (joint account)	The actual owner of the account or, if combined funds, the first individual on the account ¹
3. Custodian account of a minor (Uniform Gift to Minors Act)	The minor ²
4. a. The usual revocable savings trust (grantor is also trustee)	The grantor-trustee ³
b. So-called trust account that is not a legal or valid trust under state law	The actual owner ¹
5. Sole proprietorship or disregarded entity owned by an individual	The owner ³
For this type of account:	Give name and EIN of:
6. Disregarded entity not owned by an individual	The owner
7. A valid trust, estate, or pension trust	Legal entity ⁴
8. Corporate or LLC electing corporate status on Form 8832	The corporation
9. Association, club, religious, charitable, educational, or other tax-exempt organization	The organization
10. Partnership or multi-member LLC	The partnership
11. A broker or registered nominee	The broker or nominee
12. Account with the Department of Agriculture in the name of a public entity (such as a state or local government, school district, or prison) that receives agricultural program payments	The public entity

¹List first and circle the name of the person whose number you furnish. If only one person on a joint account has an SSN, that person's number must be furnished.

²Circle the minor's name and furnish the minor's SSN.

³You must show your individual name and you may also enter your business or "DBA" name on the second name line. You may use either your SSN or EIN (if you have one), but the IRS encourages you to use your SSN.

⁴List first and circle the name of the trust, estate, or pension trust. (Do not furnish the TIN of the personal representative or trustee unless the legal entity itself is not designated in the account title.) Also see *Special rules for partnerships* on page 1.

Note. If no name is circled when more than one name is listed, the number will be considered to be that of the first name listed.

Secure Your Tax Records from Identity Theft

Identity theft occurs when someone uses your personal information such as your name, social security number (SSN), or other identifying information, without your permission, to commit fraud or other crimes. An identity thief may use your SSN to get a job or may file a tax return using your SSN to receive a refund.

To reduce your risk:

- Protect your SSN,
- Ensure your employer is protecting your SSN, and
- Be careful when choosing a tax preparer.

Call the IRS at 1-800-829-1040 if you think your identity has been used inappropriately for tax purposes.

Victims of identity theft who are experiencing economic harm or a system problem, or are seeking help in resolving tax problems that have not been resolved through normal channels, may be eligible for Taxpayer Advocate Service (TAS) assistance. You can reach TAS by calling the TAS toll-free case intake line at 1-877-777-4778 or TTY/TDD 1-800-829-4059.

Protect yourself from suspicious emails or phishing schemes.

Phishing is the creation and use of email and websites designed to mimic legitimate business emails and websites. The most common act is sending an email to a user falsely claiming to be an established legitimate enterprise in an attempt to scam the user into surrendering private information that will be used for identity theft.

The IRS does not initiate contacts with taxpayers via emails. Also, the IRS does not request personal detailed information through email or ask taxpayers for the PIN numbers, passwords, or similar secret access information for their credit card, bank, or other financial accounts.

If you receive an unsolicited email claiming to be from the IRS, forward this message to phishing@irs.gov. You may also report misuse of the IRS name, logo, or other IRS personal property to the Treasury Inspector General for Tax Administration at 1-800-366-4484. You can forward suspicious emails to the Federal Trade Commission at: spam@uce.gov or contact them at www.consumer.gov/idtheft or 1-877-IDTHEFT(438-4338).

Visit the IRS website at www.irs.gov to learn more about identity theft and how to reduce your risk.

Privacy Act Notice

Section 6109 of the Internal Revenue Code requires you to provide your correct TIN to persons who must file information returns with the IRS to report interest, dividends, and certain other income paid to you, mortgage interest you paid, the acquisition or abandonment of secured property, cancellation of debt, or contributions you made to an IRA, or Archer MSA or HSA. The IRS uses the numbers for identification purposes and to help verify the accuracy of your tax return. The IRS may also provide this information to the Department of Justice for civil and criminal litigation, and to cities, states, the District of Columbia, and U.S. possessions to carry out their tax laws. We may also disclose this information to other countries under a tax treaty, to federal and state agencies to enforce federal nontax criminal laws, or to federal law enforcement and intelligence agencies to combat terrorism.

You must provide your TIN whether or not you are required to file a tax return. Payers must generally withhold 28% of taxable interest, dividend, and certain other payments to a payee who does not give a TIN to a payer. Certain penalties may also apply.